

SUSTAINABLE TECHNOLOGY

Product Information

Part of Soletanche Freyssinet. Worldwide leader in specialised civil engineering



A sustainable future. For all your engineered soil solutions

Alternative Reinforced Earth[®] Solutions Over 60million m² installed





Reinforced Earth[®] 140mm panels + geosynthetics. Any surface aesthetic. BBA/HAPAS Certified



Global warming (GWP) grouped by Classification breakdown

A1 Raw material extraction and processing A4 Transport to the building site C3 Waste processing

A2 Transport to the manufacturer
 C1 Deconstruction
 C4 Waste disposal

A3 Manufacturing C2 Waste transportation D External impacts (excluded from totals)









Integral Bridge Types Sustainability

Integral and semi-integral bridges

Piled Solution

Reinforced Earth Solution

Ridged need to consider piling approachFlexible will settle with approachReinforced earth abutment uses 77% less embedded carbonthat the piled solution not including the ease of recycling

Lower Thames Crossing exemplar

Carbon neutral construction

The Lower Thames Crossing is a Pathfinder project, meaning it will explore ways to be carbon neutral in construction.

We've already been able to reduce our carbon emissions during construction by around a third, and are working with partners and suppliers to drive it out further.

- · We're the first major infrastructure project to use our procurement process to target carbon
- We'll test and scale-up innovative and low carbon materials and technology
- We'll only use zero carbon electricity sources
- We're aiming to remove diesel from our sites and only use hydrogen and electric plant
- We'll reduce and beneficially reuse our waste

product available will be used, in the most carbon efficient design. A

Reused of recycled steel will be used where possible for structural

Can the supplier provide an alternative or more efficient mater

Reinforced concrete will use basalt and fibre substitutes where possible

Where possible Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs) will be

emissions from raw materials, manufacturing, transport (A1-A3) by

Can the supplier delivery materials via road or rail methods?

available for materials supplied. It is important that an understanding of the embodied carbon of materials is available, this could include

There is a strong focus within the LTC scheme to reduce road deliveries

Can the supplier provide an alternative or more efficient material option?

There is a focus on the biggest carbon material hotspots however all

Read more about plans.

Cement/Concrete Where cement cannot be eliminated or substituted, the lowest carbon

Can the supplier provide an alternative or more efficien-

Can the supplier provide an alternative or more endo

could include further lifecycle stages use of us

materials contribute to the projects footprint.

and utilise river or rail options.

Materials:

Z Steel

Asphalt

Provision of Material Data

Material Delivery

Other Materials

No

13

15

16

Yes – Site won and chalk can

be used

There is a specific focus on Cement. Steel. Asphalt and Concrete within the scheme.

Detai

applications.

Corporate

	No.	Area	Detail
	1	All Major	All major suppliers to have a net zero corporate target and plan, aligned to
		Suppliers will	government targets of net zero by 2050.
		have a Net	
		Zero by 2050	
		plan	
	2	PA \$2080	All major subcontractors will be compliant with PAS2080 'Carbon
		compliance	management in infrastructure' within 52 weeks of appointment. Compliance
			allows all areas of the value chain to work collaboratively to reduce carbon
	3	Use of Local	The project aims to boost the local economy, in addition to reducing
		Workforce	transport related emissions. A local workforce is a key within both these
			areas
	4	Use of carbon	The purchase of carbon credits (a tradable certificate presenting the right of
		credits	a company to emit carbon) by a supplier is prohibited.
			Note: This is different to carbon offsetting
	5	Site-level data	Use of data is key to understanding the impact of operations. Supplier data
			will be requested weekly/monthly on areas such as fuel use/energy,
			material use, transport, waste
	6	Pricing	It is important that we all approach this scheme with low carbon in mind,
			however we understand that use of alternative or innovative
			materials/processes/technology may come at an additional cost. Within your
			pricing, please include and highlight your 'low carbon' options.

6.3 Q3a/b Carbon Reduction and management

The following benefit(s) may be achievable:

The use of site won chalk material as opposed to imported fill b duces the amount
of material imported to and exported from site, reducing carb a impact both in
terms of construction and transport.

Yes rebar 97% recycled CARES + Basalt possible

Yes 65%GGBS standard and soon

Exegy 100% cement substitute

Yes EPD's and LCA's made available

(Shored Reinforced Earth[®]), principle – Complementary Reinforced Application

Slope stabilized by nails

The **TerraLink**[™] technique allows building new Reinforced Earth[®] type walls connected to retaining structures such as slopes stabilized by nailing or existing retaining walls

Global warming kg CO2e - Life-cycle stages

A1 Raw material extraction and proc...
 A3 Manufacturing - 1.4%
 A5 Installation into the building - 15.0%
 C2 Waste transportation - 0.1%
 C4 Waste disposal - 0.1%

A2 Transport to the manufacturer - 2....
 A4 Transport to the building site - 20....
 C1 Deconstruction - 10.8%
 C3 Waste processing - 1.5%

TechWall Counterfort panels Up to 18m tall x 2.5m wide, 140mm thick Site won back fill and minimal cut

T-Wall Modular Stackable Panels for retaining walls, abutments. 140mm thick Any surface aesthetic

Global warming kg CO2e - Life-cycle stages

A1 Raw material extraction and proc... A3 Manufacturing - 1.4% A5 Installation into the building - 15.0% C2 Waste transportation - 0.1% C4 Waste disposal - 0.1% A2 Transport to the manufacturer - 2....
 A4 Transport to the building site - 20....
 C1 Deconstruction - 10.8%
 C3 Waste processing - 1.5%

T-Wall®

Global warming (GWP) grouped by Classification breakdown

product, used declared unit

vehicle and

distance.

treatment

technical

implementation

(scenario)

life stage)

environmental

impacts

waste)

environmental

impacts

data)

EcoDucts Arch Thickness 200-450mm. Spans to 30m

EcoDuct[®]

Noise Barriers Structural and noise absorbing

Hybrid Mineral green faced

ReGrid - UX

ReGrid – UX_{ret} is a knitted polyester Geogrid manufactured into a dimensionally stable network of apertures providing tensile reinforcement capacity in one direction. ReGrid – $\mathsf{UX}_{\mathsf{rer}}$ is best suited for demanding soil reinforcement applications.

Applications · Steep Slopes: Used as soil reinforcement for reinforced soil steep slopes and embankments. Basal Reinforcement: ReGrid – UX_{err} improves the stability of soft sub-soils by interacting with engineered fill and providing a strong mattress foundation for embankments and platforms. Foundation Improvement: ReGrid - UX_{err} is used to support shallow structural foundations, by improving stability, enhancing

load distribution and reducing differential settlement.

Technical Parameters

klVm klVm klVm % at 20°C at 30°C Particle size	40 209 200 10 20 139 1.44	244 60 20 10 30 139	306 80 30 10 40	Minimur 356 100 30 10	Poly 427 120 30	Roll Value ester 463 150 30 10	e (MARV) 526 180 30	200	648 250 30	751 300 30
51 g/m ² kN/m kN/m 36 at 20°C at 30°C Perside size	40 209 209 20 10 20 139 1.44	244 60 20 10 30 139	306 80 30 10 40	356 100 30 10	Polya 427 120 30 10	463 150 30 10	526 180 30	200	648 250 30	751 300 30
51 g/m ² ktV/m ktV/m % 36 at 20°C at 30°C Particle size	209 40 20 10 20 139 1.44	244 60 20 10 30 139	306 80 30 10 40	356 100 30 10	Poly 427 120 30 10	463 150 30	526 180 30	200	648 250 30	751 300 30
51 g/m ² kN/m kN/m 36 at 20°C at 30°C Particle size	209 40 20 10 20 139 1.44	244 60 20 10 30 1.39	306 80 30 10 40	356 100 30 10	427 120 30 10	463 150 30 10	526 180 30	200	648 250 30	751 300 30
kN/m kN/m % at 20°C at 30°C Particle size	40 20 10 20 139 144	60 20 10 30 1.39	80 30 10 40	100 30 10	120 30 10	150 30 10	180 30	200	250 30	300 30
kN/m kN/m % at 20°C at 30°C Particle s2ce	40 20 10 20 139 1.44	60 20 10 30 1.39	80 30 10 40	100 30 10	120 30 10	150 30 10	180 30	200 30	250 30	300 30
kN/m % at 20°C at 30°C Particle size	20 10 20 139 1.44	20 10 30 1.39	30 10 40	30 10	30 10	30 10	30	30	30	30
% at 20°C at 30°C Particle size	10 20 139 144	10 30 1.39	10 40	10	10	10				
at 20°C at 30°C Particle size	20 139 1.44	30 1.39	40				10	11	11	11
at 20°C at 30°C Particle size	139 144	1.39		50	60	75	81	90	100	120
at 30°C Particle size	1.44		1.39	139	1.39	139	1.39	1.39	1.39	139
Particle size		1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44
(Silty Sand)	1.10	1.10	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.05	1.06	1.06
Particle size < 35mm (Gravely Sand	1.12	1.12	1.06	1.06	104	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	104
Particle size < 125mm (Sandy Grave)	1.19	1.19	1.16	1.16	111	111	1.11	1.11	1.11	111
4< pH< 8 π	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	110	1.10
g/moi	minimim 25,000									
mmol/kg maximun 30										
m	3.8 x100	3.8 x100	3.8 x100	3.8×100	3.8 x 100	3.8 x100	3.8 x100	3.8×100	3.8 x 100	3.8 x100
m ²	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380	380
	90.5	112.9	138.4	157.8	182.1	199.2	232.6	246.7	287	315
	mmouxg m m² kg	mmoukg m 3.8 ×100 m ² 380 kg 90.5	mmo/Ag m 3.8 ×100 3.8 ×100 m ² 380 380 kg 90.5 112.9	mmolog m 3.8 x100 3.8 x100 3.8 x100 m ² 380 380 380 kg 90.5 11.29 138.4	mmoving 	mttol/kg maker m 3.8.x100 3.8.x100 3.8.x100 3.8.x100 3.8.x100 m² 380 380 380 380 380 380 kg 90.5 1.2.2 1.8.4 1.57.8 1.82.1	mmolAg meximum 30 m 3.8.100<	mmoving meximum variant m 38 x100 38 x100	mitologi m max.mm x3 m 38.100 <td>mitolog sector sector</td>	mitolog sector sector

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Geosynthetics

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